NVRAMOS 2013

Methods of eMMC performance benchmark

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Proposal by



Agenda

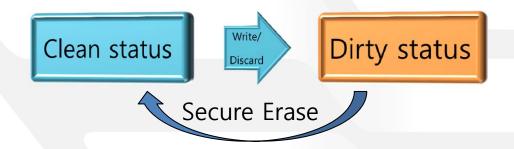


- Preconditions for eMMC performance
- Limitations of existing benchmarks
- App-based benchmark, eBench : Storage's impact on UX
- Summary

Two pre-conditions for NAND storage FEFTech



- Dirty level of NANDs
 - GC frequency, count and allocation of valid pages, ...



- Aging level => not cleared by secure_erase
 - the accumulated FTL-meta like bad blocks...



Our Targets



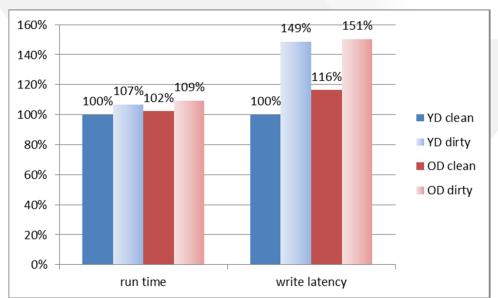
- Young Device(YD) v.s. Old Device(OD)
 - Old Device (OD) made by 16GX300 write-traffic

- Clean status v.s. Dirty status
 - Dirty status made by 19G write-traffic, after secure_erase

Two pre-condition's effect



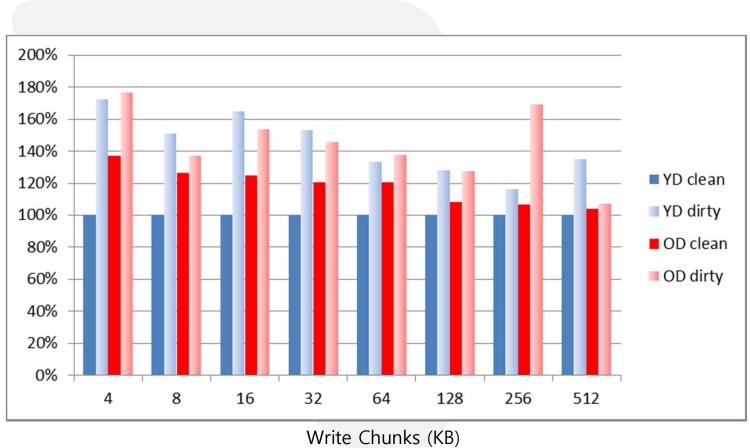
- Clean status >> Dirty status : Big diff
 - 50% longer write-latency, 7~9% longer runtime
- Young dev(YD) > Old dev(OD) : relatively small diff
 - clean status:16% longer latency and 2% longer runtime



Relative Performance based on Young-device's clean status

Write latency by Chunk

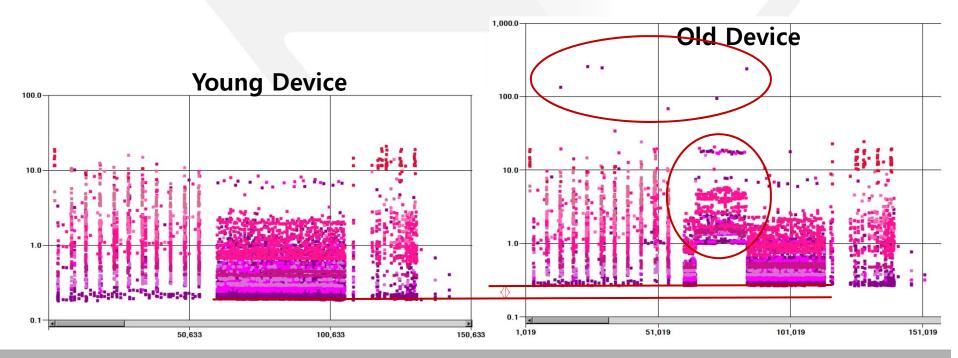




Write latency of Old device



- High Write-latencies over 100ms
- The fastest latency group is higher than YD's
- Strange "slow period"







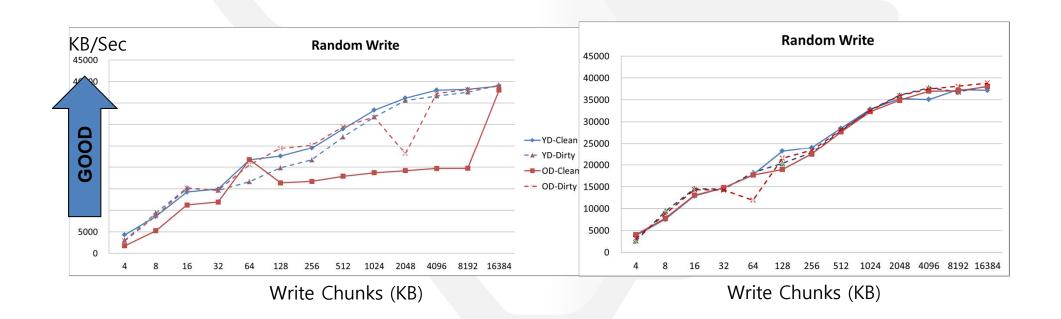
Benchmarks's limitation

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Benchmarks (1): IOZONE 16M



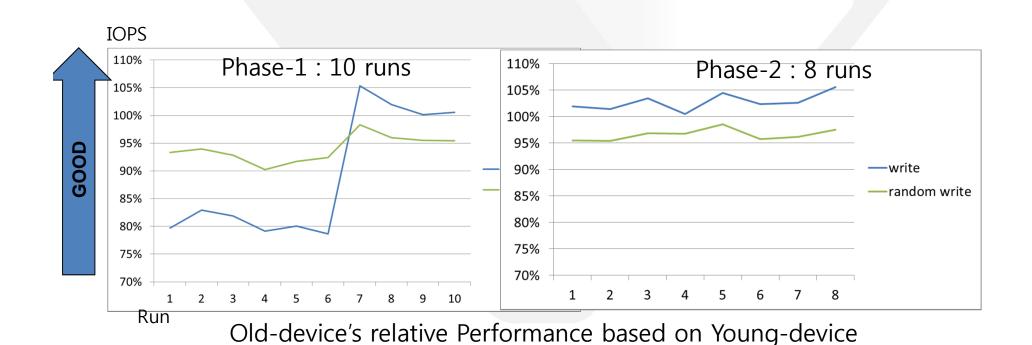
OD-Clean of every run shows different patterns



Benchmarks (2): IOZONE 1G-4K

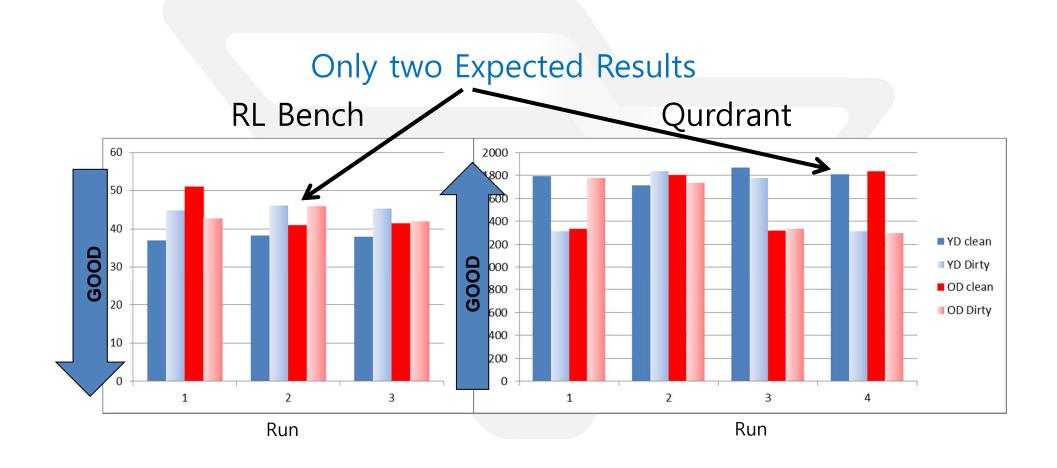


- Even iozone with big area is unstable
 - Old device's "write" is superior on Phase-2, and not bad on the rear part of Phase-1



Benchmarks (3):RLBench, Qurdrant





The limitations of benchmark



• Small amount of write-traffic

Simple and synthetic write-workload

Can't show storage's impacts on UX





Right approach

Confidential FFTech

Ebench: app-based bench



- Showing storage's impact on UX
- App-based bench: not synthetic workload
 - web, contacts, install, camera, gallery so on
- full test-case
 - Using camera and install-app, make file system to be full-status (dirty-status)
- Including FS and app's behavior
- Dirty status is more important in terms of realworld

Ebench: example



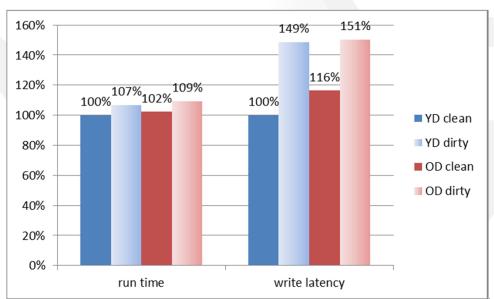
- Configurations
 - Main-case: many accesses of web & DB
 - Full-case: make full-status of file system (device dirty)
- Sequence
 - Main-case -> Full-case -> Main-case

OS install
eBench prep.
1G
Main-Case
Full-Case
13G
1.5G
1.5G

Ebench: main-case



Main-case results

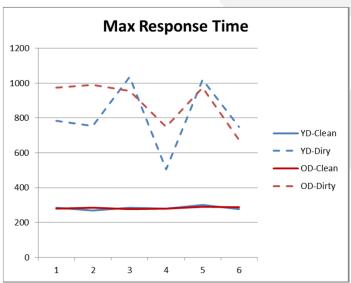


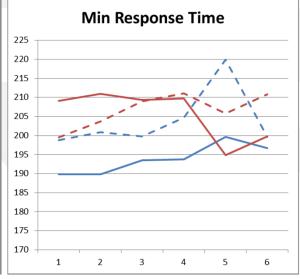
Relative Performance based on Young-device's clean status

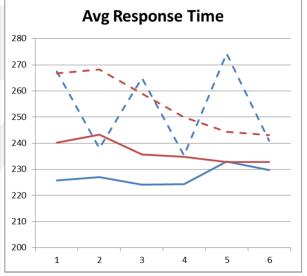
Ebench: Response time



- Response means UX's "done"
- Contact's min/max/avg
 - longest Max is 1 sec to insert a record into contact



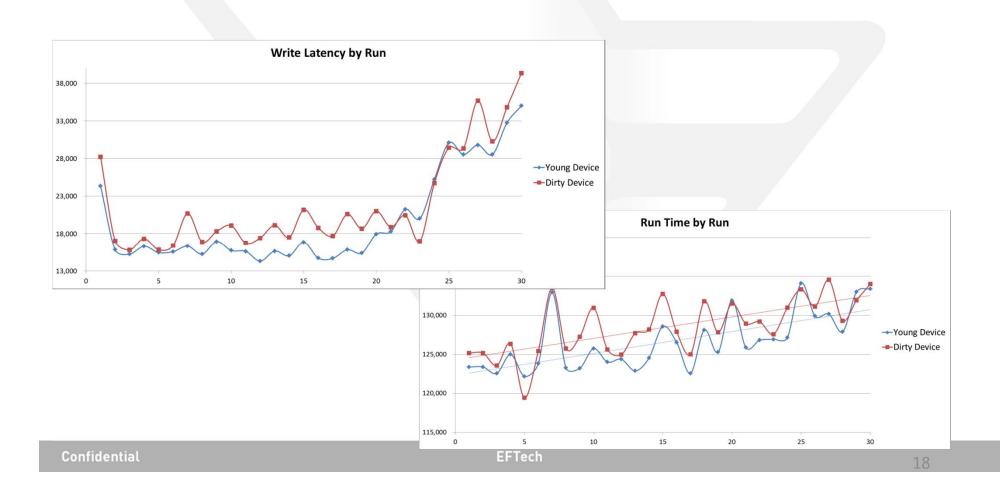




Ebench: Full-case



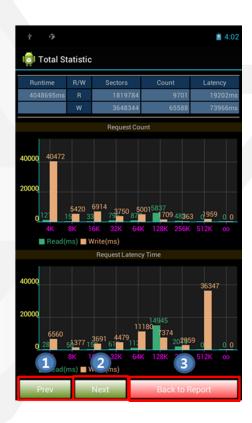
- Make 95% full of file system by 30 runs
- YD shows better about 10% latency/2% run-time



eBench: Final Report View





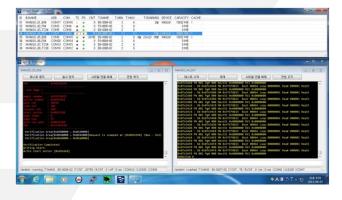


EF Storage Tester





- Power-cycle/Aging/Performance testing
- "Faster and Wider" smart test-cases
- Validation of eMMC 4.5 spec



Conclusion



- eBench : New storage benchmark
 - Showing storage's impact on UX
 - Covering wide storage-status from clean to dirty(full)
 - App-based benchmark, generating real-workload
 - Including FS and app's behavior

Thank You

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